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| APPLICATION NO. | FI | LING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 09/683,158 | 11/27/2001 | | Allen Dennis Roche | 201-0454DP | 5970 |
| 28395 | 7590 | 01/08/2004 | | EXAMINER | |
| BROOKS KUSHMAN P.C./FGTL | | | | LIN, ING HOUR | |
| 1000 TOWN CENTER 22ND FLOOR | | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| SOUTHFIELD, MI 48075-1238 | | | | 1725 | |

DATE MAILED: 01/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| st to of | A U Al- | A | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
| Office Action Summers | 09/683,158 | ROCHE ET AL. | | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | Ing-Hour Lin | 1725 | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the o | correspondence address | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status | 36(a). In no event, however, may a repty be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 N | ovem <u>ber 2001</u> . | | | | | | |
| 2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This | action is non-final. | | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4) □ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 1 J.S. Patent and Trademark Office | 5) Notice of Informal F | (PTO-413) Paper No(s) attent Application (PTO-152) | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claims 1-24, "martinsite" is unclear. Is it a typo of --martensite--?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-2, 5-6 and 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Pat. No. 6,257,309 in view of US Pat. No. '179.

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US Pat. No. '309 (col. 3, lines 22+) teaches the claimed method for implementing preheat treatment before spray forming begins to achieve stress control in a spray formed metallic article (deposit 44), comprising: preheating a mold substrate 14 to a temperature higher than a martensite start temperature of the spray forming material and in the range of about 600-800 °C; and initiating application of a metallic spray forming material (spraying molten metallic particles) upon the mold substrate.

US Pat. No. '309 fails to teach the use of a preselected initial application temperature during application of the spray-forming material.

However, US Pat. No. '179 (col. 5, lines 55+) teaches the use of a preselected initial application temperature estimated in the range of 700-850 °C during application of the spray-forming particles at impact upon the mold substrate for the purpose of controlling the microstructure including bainite phase and stress in the spray formed metallic article. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide US Pat. No. '309 the preselected initial application temperature as taught by US Pat. No. '179 in order to effectively enhance the quality of manufacturing a spray-formed tool.

5. Claims 3-4 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US

Pat. No. '309 in view of US Pat. No. '179 and further in view of Jordan et al.

US Pat. No. '309 in view of US Pat. No. '179 fails to teach the use of preheating the substrate to a temperature lower than the martensite start temperature of the spray forming material.

However, Jordan et al. (col. 14, lines 42+) teach the use of preheating the substrate to a temperature lower than the martensite start temperature of the spray forming material for the purpose of effectively controlling the equilibrium deposit temperature of 257 °C (col. 8, lines

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34+) such that the deposit article having a substantial proportion of martensite and /or bainite and /or pearlite in order to control the volumetric change and stress in the product. It would have

been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide US Pat. No. '309 in view of US

Pat. No. '179 teach the use of preheating the substrate to a temperature lower than the martensite

start temperature of the spray forming material as taught by Jordan et al in order to effectively

control the quality of manufacturing a spray-formed tool.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 7-10 and 16-24 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s)

under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the

limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Ing-Hour Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1180. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00-5:30) Second Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

7.41

I.-H.L

12-17-03

TOM DUNN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700